

The transition toward a **circular economy** for industrial goods will require the automotive industry and its suppliers to rethink the ways that vehicles and their materials are designed, constructed, used, and handled at end of life.

We're starting the conversation now.

Principles of a Circular Economy



Reduce demand for finite raw materials



Design materials, products, and systems to be circular (e.g., design for disassembly and recovery)



Eliminate in-process scrap production



Reuse recovered materials in new products



Recover and recycle materials at the end of their usable life



Refurbish and remanufacture products to extend useful service lifecycles

\$4.5 trillion opportunity by 2030

\$400-600 billion of which could go to automotive companies and their suppliers

For automakers to take full advantage of all the benefits plastics and polymer composites offer, our materials need to be **highly circular**



At least 50% of materials in vehicles sustainable by 2030



25% recycled plastics in cars starting in 2025



20% renewable and recycled plastics by 2025



"Replace materials in value chain with recycled and sustainable raw materials" "Design for Recycling principle"

NISSAN

30% of raw materials used in car production will not depend on newly extracted resources by 2022



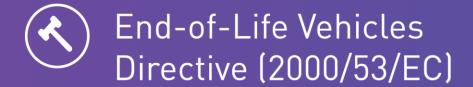
"Eco-friendly materials"

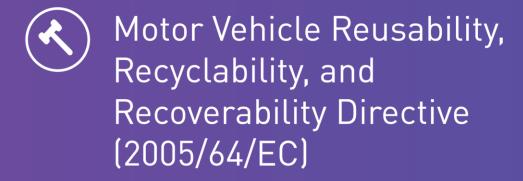
"Auto part longevity"

"Recycling technologies"

"Manufacturing vehicles
from end-of-life vehicles"

EU Legislation/Initiatives





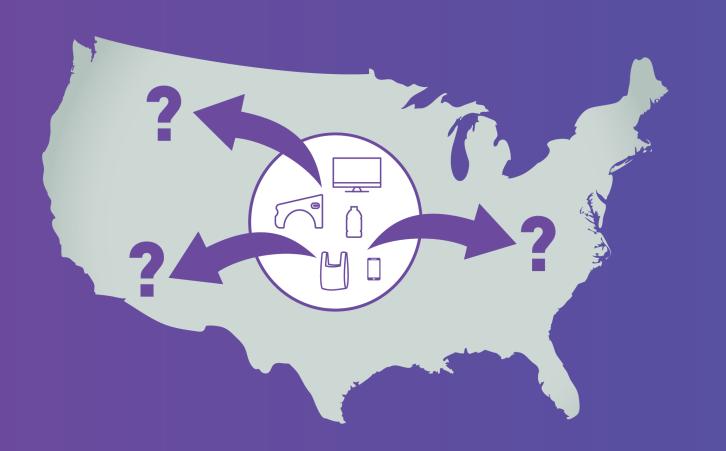
© Circular Economy Action Plan (EU)

U.S. State Legislation





Decreasing capacity for handling materials at end of life



- China National
 Sword Policy
- Decreasing landfill capacity
- 1 Increasing landfill tipping fees

Challenges facing traditional automotive recycling



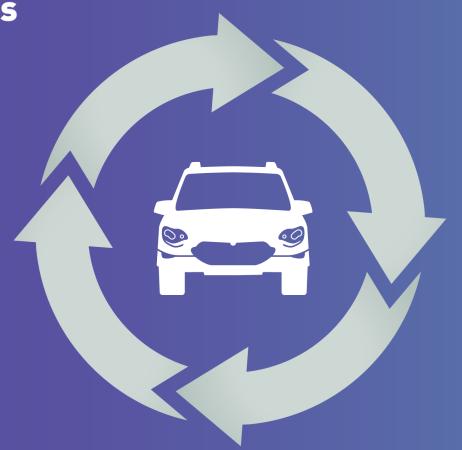
Traditional shredding and sorting does not allow for valuable materials to be harvested for reprocessing and contaminates others



Dismantlers and shredders are regionally siloed throughout the country



Online part sales are creating more competition and higher customer expectations



Growing demand for mobility as a service

- **Second Second S**
- from 2015 to 2030
- Through 2030 roughly 1/3 of the expected increase in vehicle sales from urbanization and macroeconomic growth likely will not happen because of shared mobility



Shift to a consumer electronics mindset

- → Integrating take back programs
- Designing for disassembly
- Incorporating parts that can be revised, upgraded, and recovered



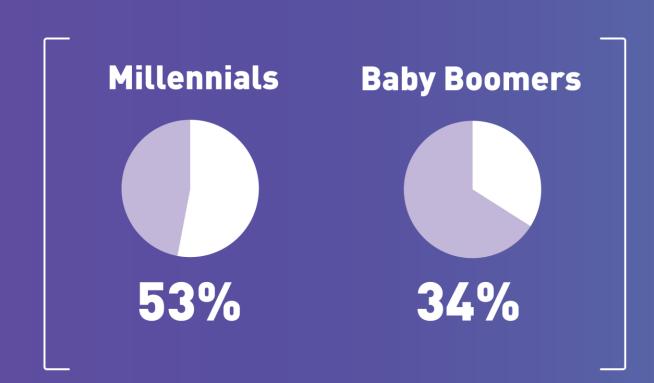
Sourcing recycled materials

Expanding product life

Collecting end-of-life products

Growing consumer sentiment against single-use plastics

Percentage of people willing to forgo a brand in order to buy products that are environmentally friendly



Without highly circular plastics and polymer composites, automakers may find themselves with no choice but to turn to other material solutions.



CFRP production scraps for roofs and rear seat structure

BMW

BASF

Nypel® 6030G HS BK resin from PIW; Petra® 7010 from PCW

Braskem

I'm green™ recycled PP from PCW

Recycled feedstock for front-end carrier prototypes

Jaguar Land Rover Repurposing plastic waste and recyclates into automotive materials and parts

LANXESS

reinforced with glass fiber and up to 30% PCW

Molded engine components with recycled nylon carpet

Ford

Textile from textile scraps, safety belts, and plastic bottle recycling

Renault

SABIC

CYCOLOY™
C8080REC
resin system
from recycled
PC and ABS



Using renewable feedstock in plastics and polymer composites

BASF

Elastoflex® E 3496/102

foam system based on renewable raw materials

CONTOURA™ pre-preg composite combines resins with a variety of natural, recycled, or synthetic fibers

Braskem I'm green™ PE and EVA from sugarcane

Celanese

Application for Ford using composites that combinine cellulose fiber from trees with long-glass fiber in a PP matrix

Covestro/Neste High-performance plastic made from Neste-supplied renewable hydrocarbons

Ford

Soy-based **PU foam**Wheat straw **PP composites**

PP compound with rice hulls

Kenaf fiber in PP door bolsters

LANXESS

Bio-based PBT using butanediol made from sugars

TRUCIRCLE™ Certified Renewable PC plastic made from 60% renewable feedstock

Advancing materials separation and cleaning



Advanced separation technology that extracts and fully recycles polyolefins and PS from e-scrap, car shredder residues, and incinerated bottom ash (Ad Rem)



Cleaning and sorting technology for heavily contaminated PE film (FVH Folienveredelung Hamburg GmbH & Co. KG)



Cleaning technology for painted TPO and PC/ABS plastics (Geo-Tech)



Cleaning technology for recycled PP and PE (Quality Circular Polymers) Designing plastics and systems for longevity, recyclability, and disassembly



UV stabilizers to extend lifetime of polyolefin plastic parts (Solvay)



RETAIN and VERSIFY resin technologies that enable recyclability and incorporation of recycled content (Dow)



Vistamaxx[™] performance polymers that compatibilize PE and PP (Exxon Mobil)



REMADE design for remanufacturing rules (RIT, Caterpillar, RIC)

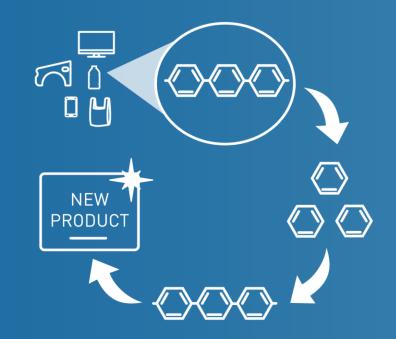


REMADE Value Retention Processes (VRP)

Developing advanced recycling technologies

At least 60 organizations

are currently
working to scale up
depolymerization,
pyrolysis, and other
emerging plastic
processing methods



North American market for products could top

\$120 billion annually

\$4.8 billion in cumulative recycling investments have been announced in the U.S. since January 2018

Investing in 260 new facilities using advanced recycling could produce \$9.9 billion in economic output generate 38,000+ jobs in local U.S. communities

Optimizing manufacturing processes

Thin wall instrument panels

resin helps decrease instrument panel wall thickness to less than 2mm thick and delivered 15% weight savings

Blow-molded air ducts

ExxonMobil's

Santoprene™ TPVs
was used to produce a
Subaru blow-molded air
duct in a single process
step with a 30-40%
reduction in weight and
25-35% cost savings

Mono-material headlamps

Covestro's Makrolon®
polycarbonate-based
headlamp uses
more than 10 fewer
parts and fewer
manufacturing steps,
and saves 1.8kg in
weight per lamp

Investigating the viability of automotive plastics recovery models



Plastics recovery
from bumper fascia
(e.g., Plastics Industry
Association project to
explore technical and
market feasibility of endof-life bumper recovery)



Plastics recovery
from battery cases is
a closed loop model—
more than 95% of battery
cases are recycled and
sent to manufacturers to
create new cases



Participating in the supply "web" to make connections and reimagine supply chains (e.g., Materials Marketplace with 1,500 businesses)

Funding R&D for circular economy solutions



50 companies and supporters have
committed to invest **\$1.5 billion** toward
solutions



Funding several
projects on circularity
and the recyclability
of fiber-reinforced
plastic composites



\$35 million through REMADE, \$25 million through BOTTLE, and other opportunities

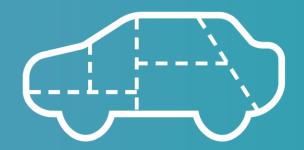
But there is more to be done...



Continue to develop advanced recycling and recovery technologies



Invest in a robust and coordinated recycling infrastructure



Design high-quality automotive plastics for easier disassembly, refurbishment/reuse, and recycling



Conduct rigorous lifecycle assessments of circular plastics and polymer composites



Explore new business models that enable profitable circularity



- The image innovation within your organization to position plastics and polymer composites as a key enabler for circularity in the automotive industry
- 2 Support and participate in industry-wide efforts to advance circular design of polymer materials and automotive components/systems
- 3 Support and, where possible, lead efforts to improve supply chain circularity with your automotive partners and suppliers
- Continue to educate the automotive supply chain about the circularity potential of polymer-based materials
- Contribute to building the workforce with skills and capabilities needed to shift toward a circular economy

- Advocate for R&D support from state and federal governments to help fund technology development and demonstration
- Participate in standards processes to ensure circularity standards take into account the needs and requirements of plastics and polymer composites
- 8 Work with the automotive value chain to develop essential and robust automotive recycling infrastructure
- Partner with automotive value chain to drive designs and processes for vehicle disassembly
- Identify and apply lessons learned from other industries working to improve circularity (e.g., packaging, wind, aerospace)

Questions?

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View the Full Report at www.automotiveplastics.com